

Sandra Wells Cembrano

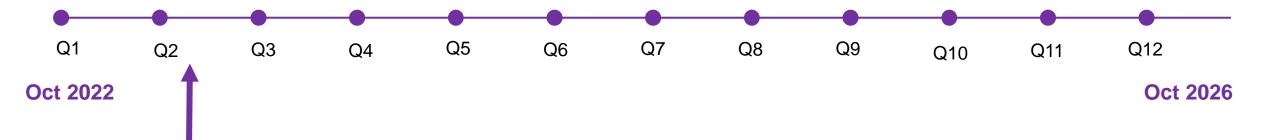
PhD Candidate Multi-Scale Robotics Lab – ETH Zürich

8 February 2023





Minimally Invasive Neuromodulation Implant and implantation procedure based on ground-breaking GRAPHene technology for treating brain disorders







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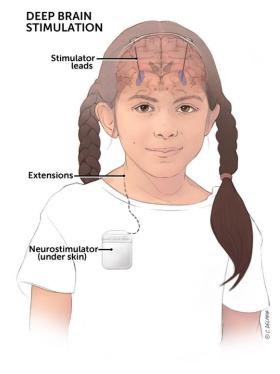


Minimally Invasive Neuromodulation Implant and implantation procedure based on ground-breaking GRAPHene technology for treating brain disorders





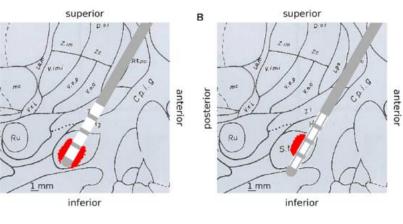
Deep Brain Stimulation (DBS) Background



A

osterior

Boston Children's Hospital



J. Buhlmann *et al., "*Modeling of a Segmented Electrode for Desynchronizing Deep Brain Stimulation", *Frontiers in neuroengineering, 4-*15, 2011.

Can be used to treat neurological disorders, including:

- Parkinson's disease
- Essential tremor
- Dystonia
- Epilepsy
- Obsessive-compulsive disorder
- Depression
- Alzheimer's disease
- Chronic pain syndrome



MINIGRAPH Objectives



	Implant	Implantation	DBS strategy
State of the art	Metal electrode	Manual surgical procedure	Open-loop algorithms for neuromodulation
Objective	Graphene electrode (probes + ASIC)	Robotic delivery with magnetic carrier, steering guided by X-ray	Closed-loop ML/AI for neuromodulation
Advantages	 Higher resolution recording and stimulation Lower immune response 	 Minimally invasive Higher location accessibility Precise electrode position 	 Continuous real-time monitoring Adaptive + personalized therapy



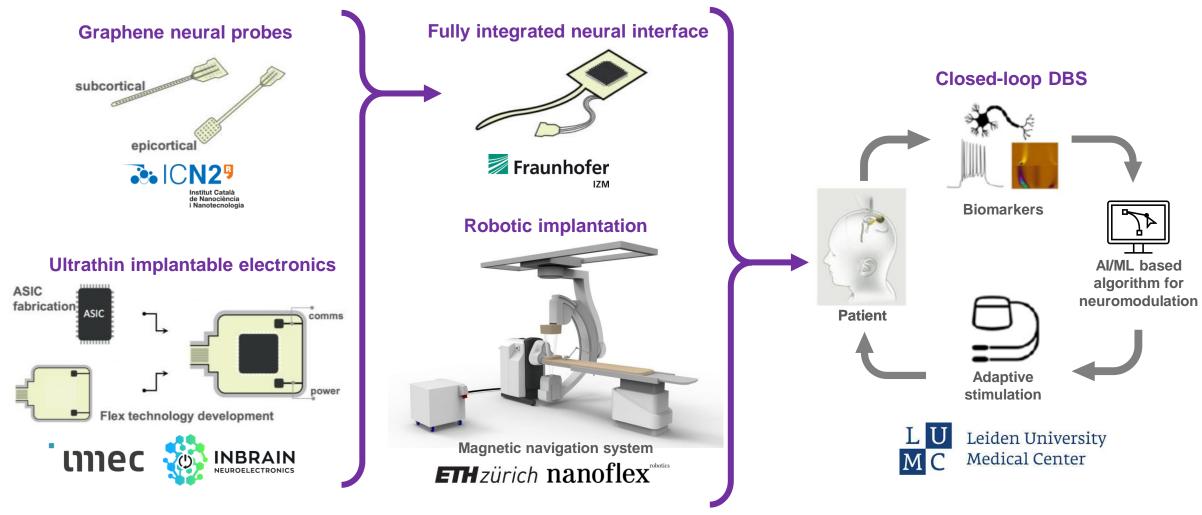


MINIGRAPH Objectives

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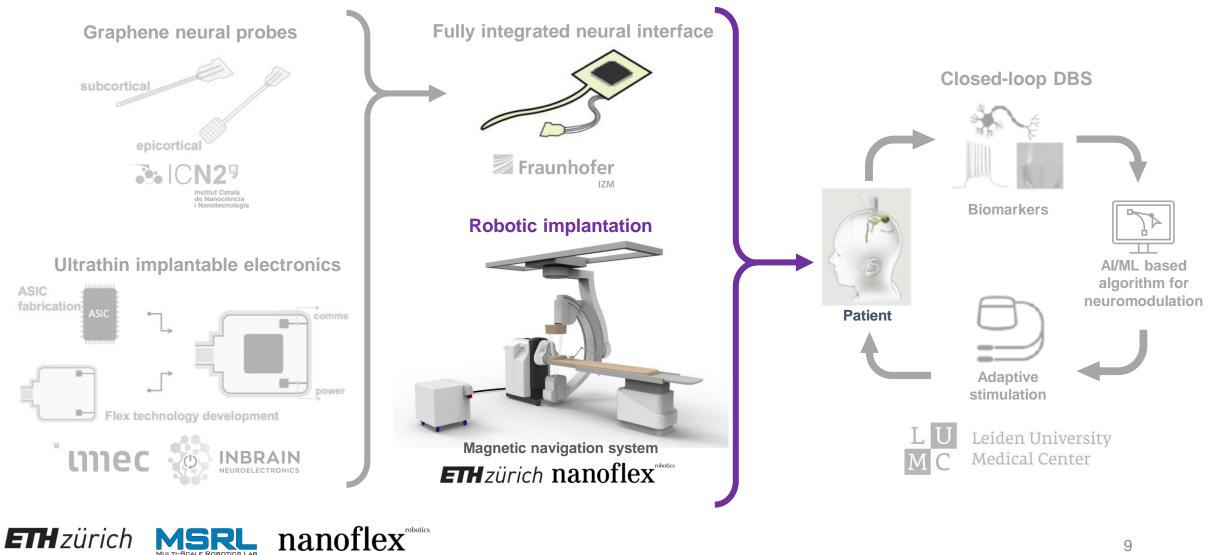
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MSRL





MINIGRAPH Objectives



Remote magnetic navigation system: Navion

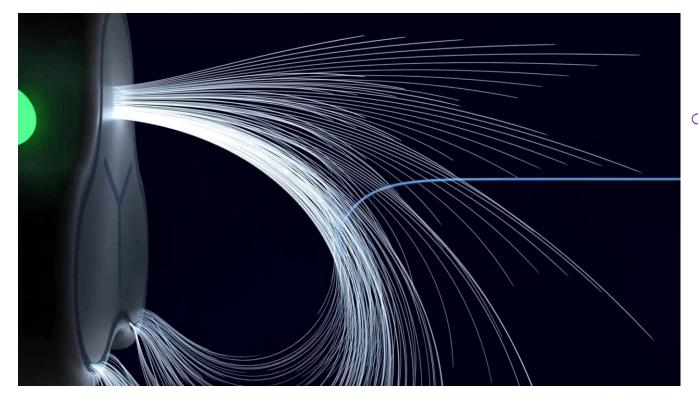




Dexterous and safe navigation of soft surgical instruments for a broad range of minimally invasive surgeries



Remote magnetic navigation system: Navion

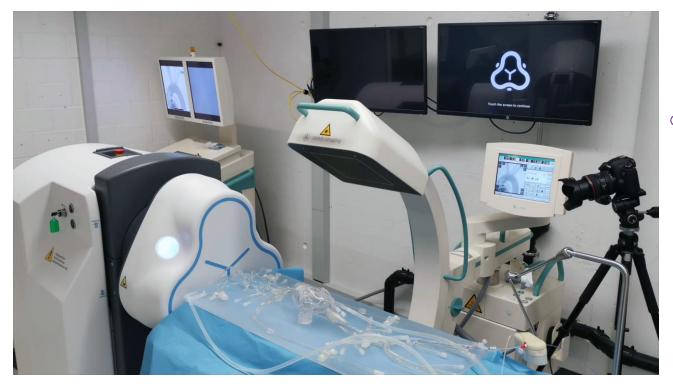




 Can be installed in a standard operating room and provides appropriate accessibility to the patient



Remote magnetic navigation system: Navion



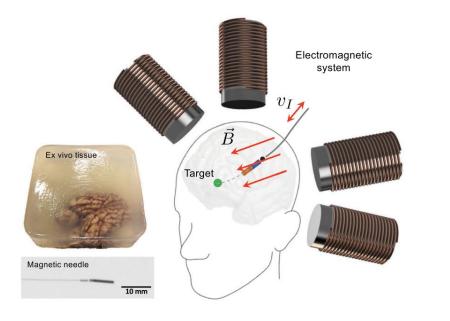


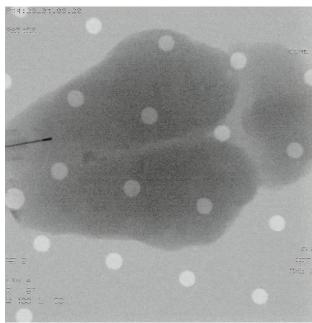
- Successfully demonstrated:
 - *in vitro*: endoscopes for gastroscopy
 - *ex vivo*: fetoscopes for fetal surgeries
 - *in vivo:* neurovascular navigation in a porcine model





Initial magnetic carrier design





(A) Our approach (B) Straight path

A. Hong, Q. Boehler, R. Moser, A. Zemmar, L. Stieglitz, and B. J. Nelson, "3D path planning for flexible needle steering in neurosurgery," Int J Med Robotics Comput Assist Surg, vol. 15, no. 4, Aug. 2019

A. Hong, A. J. Petruska, A. Zemmar, and B. J. Nelson, "Magnetic Control of a Flexible Needle in Neurosurgery," *IEEE Transactions on Biomedical Engineering*, vol. 68, no. 2, pp. 616–627, Feb. 2021



ETH/NFX Objectives

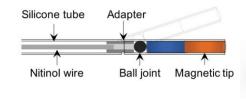
Develop a new robotic minimally-invasive implantation procedure

- 1. Optimize and adapt a magnetic carrier to deploy the ultrathin cortical and subcortical neural probes
- 2. Develop the robotic system to precisely insert the electrode guided by X-ray imaging
- 3. Validate the robotic implantation procedure *in vitro* and *in vivo*

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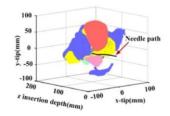
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MINIGRAPH

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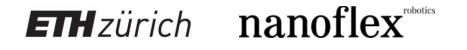


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Contributors









Thank you!

European Innovation Council





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State Secretariat for Education, Research and Innovation SERI

